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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/684,010	1	0/06/2000	William W. Smith III	PSTM0002/MRK 9819	
29524	7590	10/20/2006		INER	
		ENT LAW GROUI	WEBB, JA	WEBB, JAMISUE A	
140 S. LAKE., SUITE 312 PASADENA, CA 91101-4710				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•			3629	

DATE MAILED: 10/20/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/684,010	SMITH ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Jamisue A. Webb	3629			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period variety for the provided period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE!	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Section 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Expression 2 section 2.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6,7,9,10,31 and 41-43 is/are pend 4a) Of the above claim(s) 41-43 is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6,7,9,10 and 31 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See iion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1, 3, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholls et al. (5,631,827) in view of Robbins (US 2005/0246359).
- 4. With respect to Claims 1 and 6: Nicholls discloses the use of a centralized computer system for the management of shipping (see abstract), comprising:
 - a. A plurality of functionally aligned server computer devices, which are programmed to perform a specific function (See figures 2 and 6).
 - b. A first server computer device which is adapted for communicating access of the user (Supervisory Server, Figure 6 with corresponding detailed description); and

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c. A second server used for rating parcels (Rate Server, Figure 6).

- 5. Nicholls discloses the use of multiple servers performing specific functions (See Figure 2) but fails to disclose the use of a server used for tracking. Robbins discloses the use of a Delivery Tracking System with a specialized Tracking Server (reference numeral 8, figure 1 and abstract). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Nicholls to include the tracking server of Robbins, in order to provide tracking service to shippers and recipients with controlled access to the data through a query response interface made available by a tracking server. (See Robbins, Page 1)
- 6. With respect to Claim 3: See Nicholls, Document Server.
- 7. With respect to Claim 4: See Nicholls, Figures 4A, 4B.
- 8. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholls and Robbins, as disclosed above for Claim 1, and further in view of Kara et al. (6,233,568) and Thiel (5,699,258).
- 9. Nichols discloses a multiple carrier system that calculates rates for carriers with specific parameters such as a notification of delivery, however Nicholls discloses the automatic selection of a carrier and fails to disclose simultaneously displaying the rates of the carriers to the user. Kara discloses a computer program used for multiple shippers that simultaneously displays that calculate shipping rates of multiple carriers for multiple services (See Figure 8, column 22, lines 20-38). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the shipping rates of Nicholls be displayed to the user as disclosed

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by Kara, in order to present the user with information from which to make an informed choice as

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to a particular shipping service provider by which to ship a particular item. (See Kara, column

22)

10. Nicholls and Kara, disclose the use of calculating and displaying rates for specific

services, for multiple carriers, but fails to disclose the simultaneous display of the rates for each

carrier for each service. Thiel discloses the use of a system for calculating rates for multiple

carriers for multiple services (see abstract), and discloses a simultaneous display of rates for each

carrier, that includes rates for different services (Column 11, lines 1-13). Thiel discloses

displaying rates for the preferred carrier, but also discloses displaying the rates for second and

third choices as well (Column 11, lines 46-54). It would have been obvious to one having

ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Nicholls, Pauley and Kara,

to simultaneously display the rates of each carrier for each service, in order to allow the customer

to come to his/her own conclusion and choice of carriers. (See column 11).

11. Claims 7, 9 and 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Nicholls in view of Kara et al. (6,233,568).

12. With respect to Claims 7, 9 and 31: Nicholls discloses the use of a centralized computer

system and method for the management of shipping (see abstract), comprising:

d. A plurality of functionally aligned server computer devices, which are

programmed to perform a specific function (See figures 2 and 6).

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e. A first server computer device which is adapted for communicating access of the user (Supervisory Server, Figure 6 with corresponding detailed description) and

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accepting parcel information, See Figures 4A and 4B).

f. A second server used for rating parcels for multiple carriers for multiple services (Rate Server, Figures 2 and 6).

13. Nichols discloses a multiple carrier system that calculates rates for carriers with specific parameters such as a notification of delivery, however Nicholls discloses the automatic selection of a carrier and fails to disclose simultaneously displaying the rates of the carriers to the user. Kara discloses a computer program used for multiple shippers that simultaneously displays that calculate shipping rates of multiple carriers for multiple services (See Figure 8, column 22, lines 20-38). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the shipping rates of Nicholls be displayed to the user as disclosed by Kara, in order to present the user with information from which to make an informed choice as to a particular shipping service provider by which to ship a particular item. (See Kara, column 22)

- 14. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholls and Kara as applied to claim 9 above, and further in view of Byford (6,220,509).
- 15. Nicholls discloses the use of multiple servers performing specific functions (See Figure 2) but fails to disclose the use of a server used for tracking. Byford discloses the use of a parcel trace system, with a tracking server, which communicates with carrier servers to store tracking information and display to the user (See abstract, Column 2, lines 35-62). It would have been

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obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify

Nichols with the tracking server and carrier server, as disclosed by Byford, in order to provide a

tracking service to a user, for the user to know where the parcel is through the delivery process.

(See Byford, Columns 1 and 2)

16.

Response to Arguments

- 17. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-31 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 18. With respect to applicant's arguments that Robbins is not a proper reference: the examiner has modified the rejection to correct this error.
- 19. The office action is being made final, due to the fact that if Theil and Byford had been applied after the amendment filed 6/3/05, the office action could have been made final, therefore this office action is being made final based on the amendment filed 6/3/05

Conclusion

20. Applicant's amendment filed 6/3/05 necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jamisue A. Webb whose telephone number is (571) 272-6811.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 - 4:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on (571) 272-6812. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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Jamisue Webb

John G. Weiss Supervisory Patent Examiner

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